EXECUTE TABLE 6 SHORT RANGE THREAT ENGAGEMENT NIGHT

OVERVIEW

- NIGHT TIME ENGAGEMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS
- TABLE 6 COURSE OF FIRE

TERMINAL LEARNING OBJECTIVE

(1) Given a service rifle/ Infantry Automatic Rifle (IAR) with primary aiming device, individual field equipment, common weapon sling, magazines, ammunition, and threat targets from 5 to 50 meters, achieve mastery during execution of the performance checklists within the Master Lesson File for Entry-Level and Annual Rifle Marksmanship Training. (0300-M16-1015

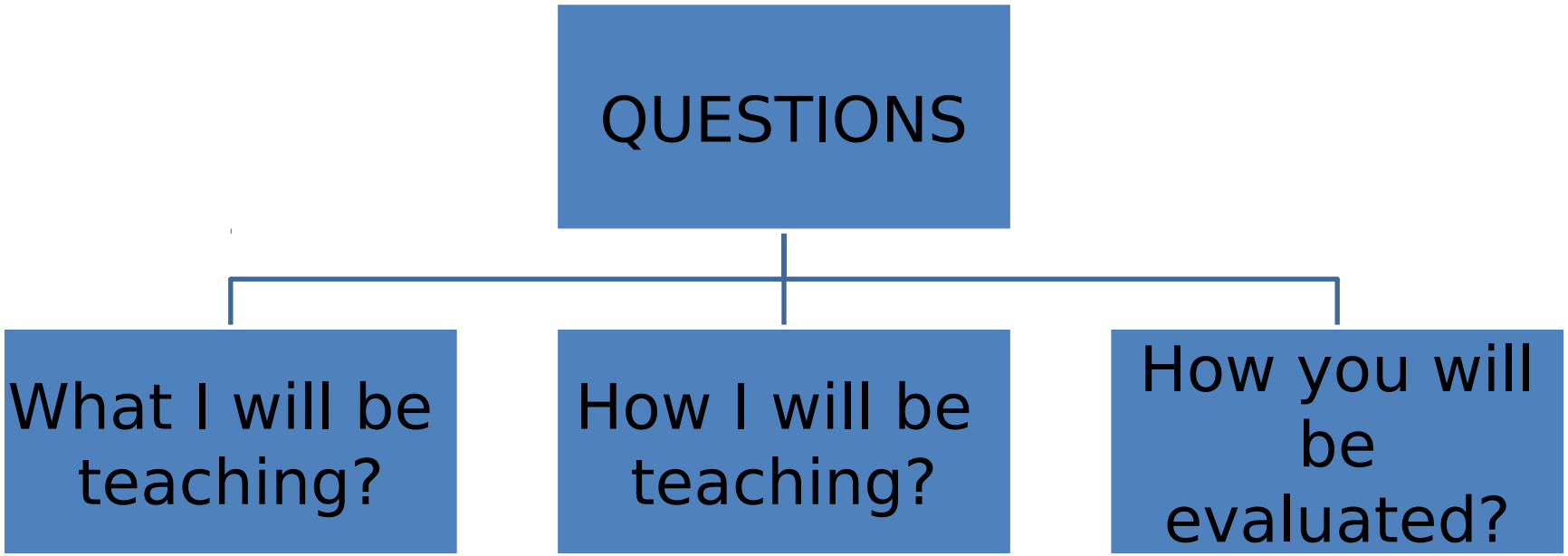
TERMINAL LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Given a service rifle/ Infantry Automatic Rifle (IAR) with primary aiming device, Mini Integrated Pointer Illuminator Module (MIPIM), night vision device, individual field equipment, common weapon sling, magazines, ammunition, and threat targets at short range, achieve a score of 60 out of possible 120 points. (0300-M16-1016)

ENABLING LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Given a service rifle/ Infantry Automatic Rifle (IAR) with primary aiming device, Mini Integrated Pointer Illuminator Module (MIPIM), night vision device, individual field equipment, common weapon sling, magazines, ammunition, and threat targets at short range, engage targets from 5 to 50 meters at night using combat engagement techniques. (0300-M16-1016a)

- Method/Media
- Evaluation
- Safety/Cease Training
- Admin Notes


QUESTIONS
What I will be teaching?
How I will be teaching?
How you will be evaluated?

NIGHT TIME ENGAGEMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS

PCC's PCI's. a. Due to the excessive movement and pivots performed, it is essential that the PVS-14's are mounted securely to ensure they stay seated.

(1) The Peq-16 needs to be mounted on the support side ergonomically to facilitate quick access to the Mini Integrated Pointer Illuminator Module (MIIPM).

(2) The MIPIM needs to be engaged during the presentation to ensure the shooter does not give away his position.

(3) Following post fire drills, the MIPIM needs to be dis-engaged prior to performing the alert carry.

Maintain night time vision.

(1) Avoid looking at any bright light. Bright light will eliminate night vision and require re-adaptation.

(2) Shield eyes from parachute flares, spotlights, or headlights.

How night vision if affected

(1) Fatigue
(2) Lack of oxygen
(3) Long exposure to sunlight
(4) Heavy smoking
(5) Drugs
(6) Headaches
(7) Illness
(8) Consumption of alcohol within the past 48 hours
(9) Improper diet

TABLE 6 COURSE OF FIRE

- TRAINING:

Stage	Meter Line	Drill	Rounds per Iteration	Time	Position(s)	Iteration	Rounds
Zeroing	100 M	Zero	5	N/A	Prone	3	15
Stage1	5 M						
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Failure to Stop Head	3	5	Standing	1	3
Stage 2	10 M						
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Head Shot	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Box Drill	6	5	Standing	1	6
		Failure to Stop Head	3	5	Standing	1	3

TABLE 6 COURSE OF FIRE

- TRAINING CONTINUED:

Stage 3	15 M						
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Hammer Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Box Drill	6	5	Standing	1	6
		Failure to Stop Pelvic	3	5	Standing	1	3
Stage 4	25 M						
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Pelvic	1	5	Standing	1	1
		Controlled Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Controlled Pair	2	5	Standing	1	2
		Box Drill	6	5	Standing	1	6
		Failure to Stop Pelvic	3	5	Standing	1	3
Stage 5	25-15	Box Drill	6	N/A	Standing	1	6
Fwd Mvt	15-10	Failure to stop pelvic	3	N/A	Standing	1	3
	10-5	Failure to stop Head	3	N/A	Standing	1	3
						Total	85

SUMMARY

- NIGHT TIME ENGAGEMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS

- TABLE 6 COURSE OF FIRE